

1. The Legislative Branch is covered in Article ____ of the Constitution.
2. The legislative branch is headed by _____, which consists of two chambers: the _____ and the _____.
3. How is it determined how many members each state receives in each of these chambers?
 lower house/chamber: _____
 upper house/chamber: _____
4. The state with the most representatives is _____.
5. What are the eligibility requirements for members of the House?
6. What are the eligibility requirements for members of the Senate?
7. What is the term of office for Representatives (in the House)? _____
8. What is the term of office for Senators? _____
9. What is the main job of the legislative branch?
10. In order for a bill to become a law, it must pass both chambers with a _____ vote. It can then be signed or _____ by the _____. In order to become law without a signature, it has to then pass both chambers with a _____ vote.
11. Impeachment requires a _____ vote in the _____. Conviction requires a _____ vote in _____. If convicted, an official is immediately _____.
12. List 5 important powers of Congress:
13. What is the Necessary & Proper Clause (aka the elastic clause)?

Vocabulary (definition and significance)

census	apportionment	gerrymandering
constituents	quorum	appropriations
filibuster	cloture	franking privilege
incumbent	lame duck	caucus
rider	censure	_____